



# STUDENT PERCEPTIONS OF AN AFTER-SCHOOL EXTENSIVE READING PROGRAM

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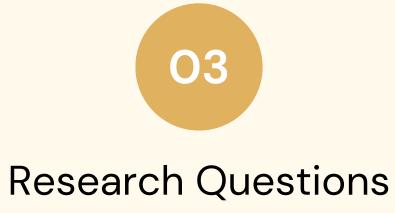




# Overview











Methods



Data Analysis & Findings



Implications & Conclusions



- Indonesian Extensive Reading Association (IERA)'s
  division of community service held a national program
  called IERA Goes to School 2022: The Literacy
  hERoes in 7 secondary and high schools in Java and
  Bali.
- 7 universities organized the program. Each lecturer invited some ER-enthusiasts students to be Literacy hERoes.
- Some ER-based activities were designed. The activities are focusing on introducing graded readers and types of book genres.
- An online interactive board (<u>Padlet</u>) platform is made to display the work pieces











# **Our Locations**





# Background





#### ER in Indonesia

It has received a great attention as an alternative approach for language teaching because it gives benefits such as supporting students' reading ability, language acquisition, and reading attitude and motivation (see ERF bibliography for more sources).

ER principles also support the government's National Literacy Movement (15-minute reading), but more meaningful activities are needed to engage students.

Various post-reading activities may maintain student interest (Haider & Akhter, 2012), support students' critical thinking, collaborative work, and vocabulary gain (Yulia, 2018). The activities can also be used as formative reading assessment for teacher.



# Background





### Research gap

Few studies to examine the results of ER post-reading activities in high school setting.

#### Research aim

This study focuses on exploring students' perceptions on designed post-reading activities.





## **Research Questions**

1

How do the student participants perceive the after-school ER program?

2

How do the student participants find out about the benefits of the after-school ER program?

3

What are the student participants' reflection on the after-school ER program?

## **Research Context**

#### The Participants

58 participants were from 7 secondary and high schools in Java and Bali.

Graded readers were brought to the class.

7 lecturers, together with the students, organized scaffolded ER-based activities.

4 sets of activities were designed.

#### The Activities

Meeting 1: ER for Acrostic Poems

Meeting 2: ER for Instagram Reels (different story endings)

Meeting 3: ER for Readers' Theatre

Meeting 4: ER for 'Double Dates'

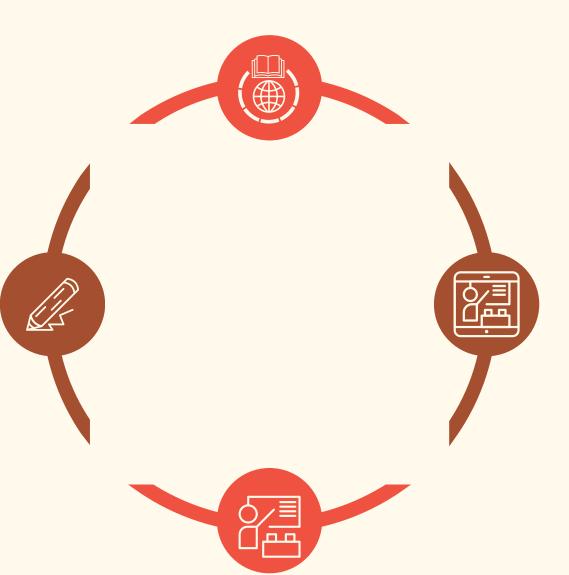


#### Methods

- A descriptive qualitative study (Magily & Thomas, 2009) to gain a comprehensive picture of the student participants' experiences with the IERA Goes to School Program.
- Data was gathered through a questionnaire that asked student participants' experience with IERA Goes to School Program.
- Data was analyzed using pattern matching (Hak & Dul, 2019; Sinkovics, 2018) to compare the participants' responses and the theoretical patterns.
- Procedure: designed a program --> Implemented the program --> gathered students' responses through a questionnaire --> analyzed their responses (coded the responses based on the RQ & compared them with theories --> presented findings and discussion







How do the student participants perceive the after-school ER program?

Positive Perceptions on Program		
Reading Enjoyment	(96%)	
Assistance in Book Selection	(98%)	
Provision of Books	(98%)	
Reading and Post-Reading Activities	(100%)	
Time Allotment	(93%)	







How do the student participants perceive the after-school ER program?

Positive Perceptions toward after-school ER activities:		
Acrostic Poem	(98%)	
Instagram reels	(90%)	
Writing a letter in double dates	(89%)	
Reader's Theater	(86%)	







How do the student participants find out about the benefits of the after-school ER program?

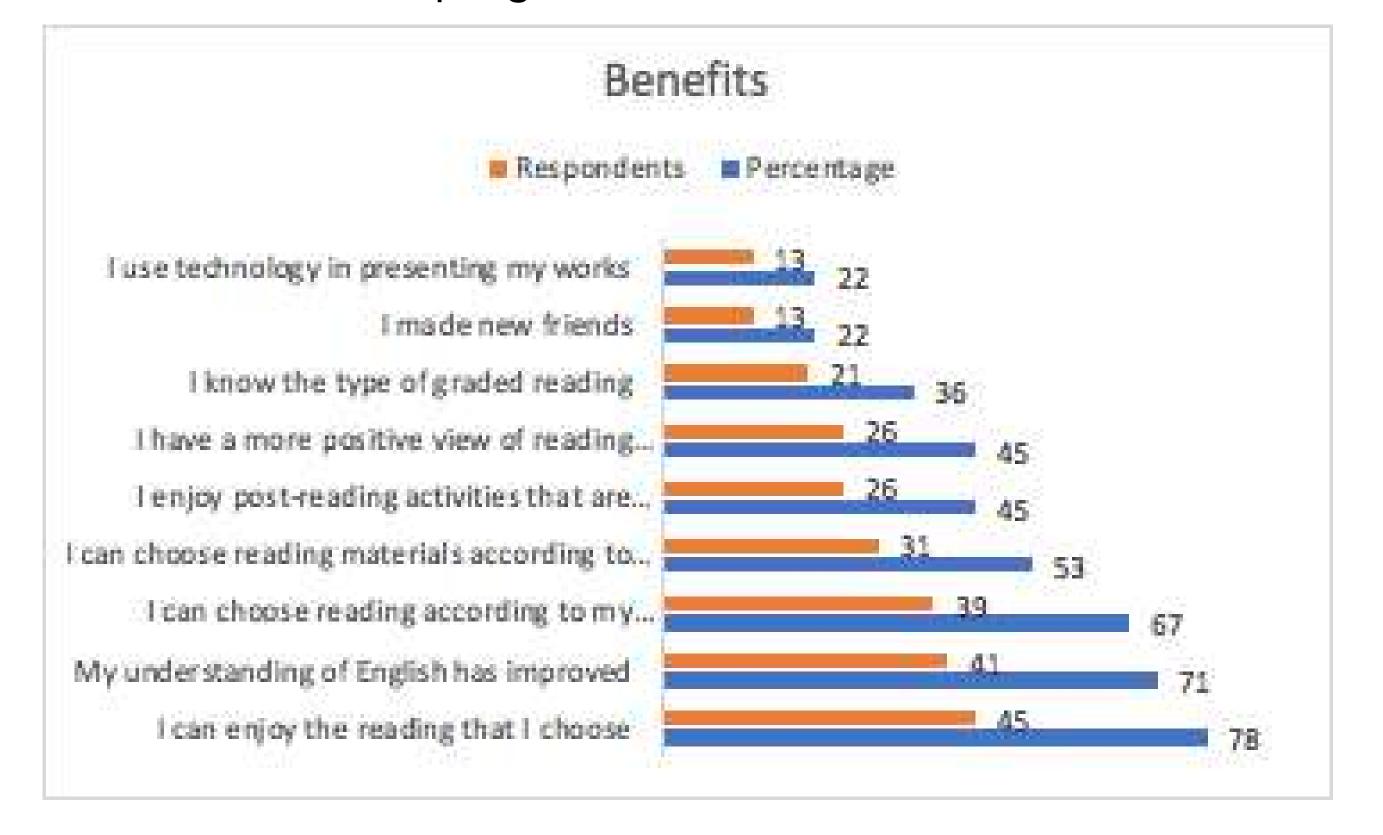
Statements	Percentage	Respondents
I can enjoy the reading that I choose	78	45
My understanding of English has improved	71	41
I can choose reading according to my interests	67	39
I can choose reading materials according to my English ability	53	31
I enjoy post-reading activities that are carried out together	45	26
I have a more positive view of reading activities	45	26
I know the type of graded reading	36	21
I made new friends	22	13
I use technology in presenting my works	22	13







How do the student participants find out about the benefits of the after-school ER program?









What are the student participants' reflection on the after-school ER program?

- Time allocation
- Frequency
- Genre







## **Discussions**



- ER principles (reading materials, learners, activities, and teachers) (Day & Bamford, 2002)
- Improvement on English competency (Ateek, 2021)
- Effective reading approach to improve reading comprehension (Singkum & Chinwonno, 2021)
- Intrinsic motivation to study English (Iwata, 2022)
- Perceptions: Students positively perceived the designed activities
  - ER principles (reading materials, learners, activities, and teachers) (Day & Bamford, 2002)
  - Clear, scaffolded, and sound pedagogy (Santosa, 2022)







## **Discussions**



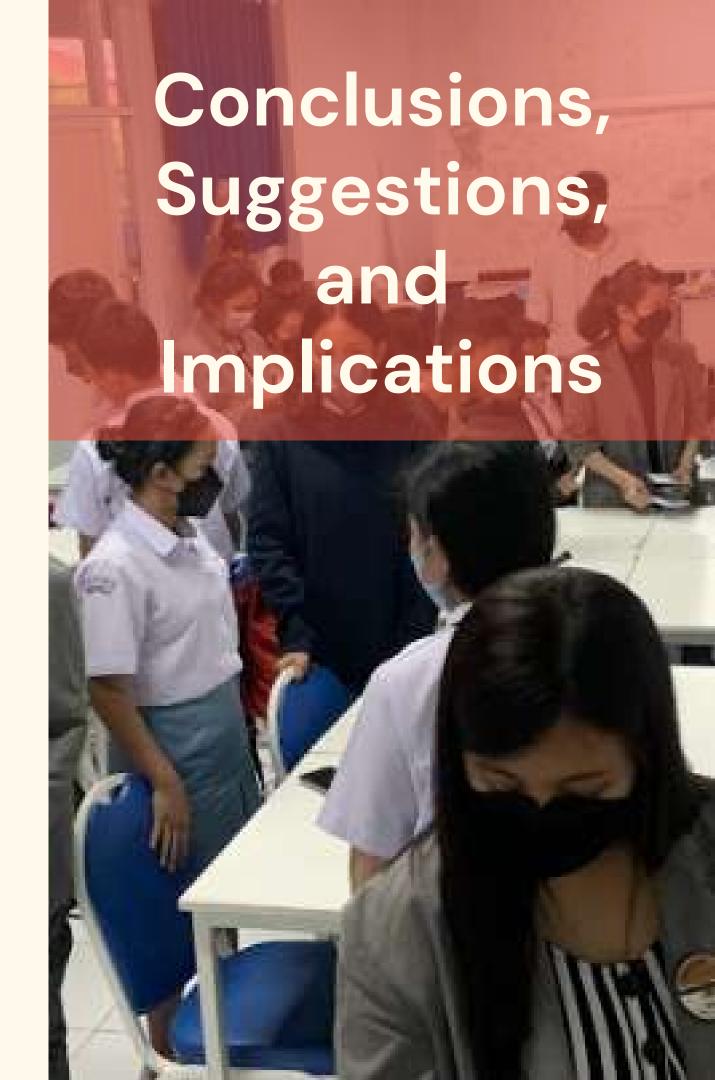


- Benefits
  - L2 learner language development, increases their motivation in reading, and helps them build reading habits (Ermerawati, 2019)
  - The alpha generation maximizes the use of technology through online materials (Ermerawati, 2019)
  - Graded reading had a positive effect on the reading development of EFL students (Kara, 2019)
- Participants' Reflections
  - ER Principles (Learner: Time allocation, frequency, Reading material: genre) (Day & Bamford, 2002)





- Positive Perceptions about ER
- Beneficial Program
   (Reading Enjoyment & English Competencies)
- Time Allocation, Frequency, and Genre
- Emergence of 4C among hERoes
- Positive Pedagogical Implication







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