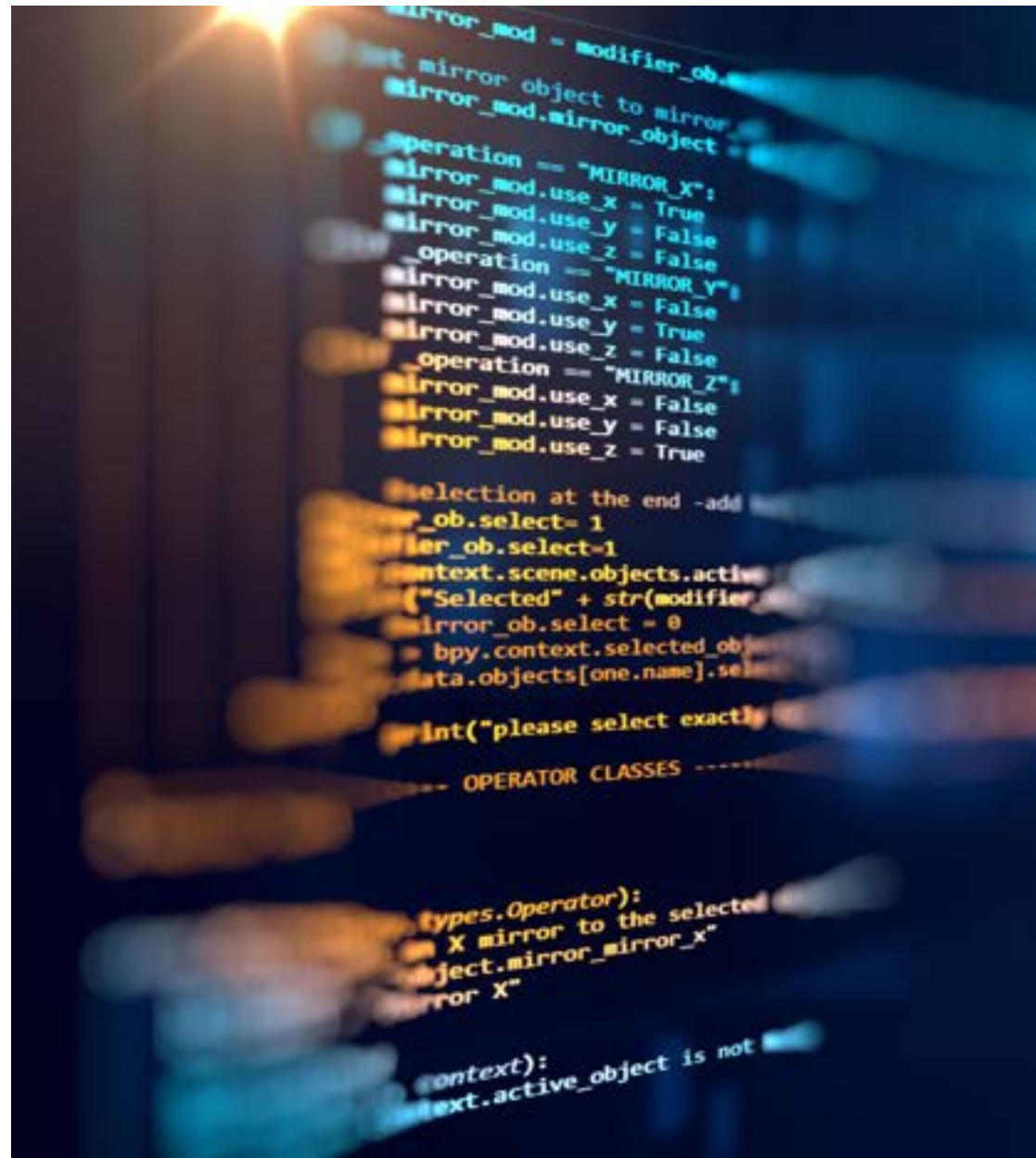


# The GIGA School Program Year 1: Teacher and Student Perspectives Regarding the Implementation of One-to-One Devices in English Lessons

Steven Lim

# What is the GIGA School Program?



# GIGA School Program

- One-to-one program: one device (Chromebook or tablet) for each student in primary and secondary education
- Original date March 2023 – Revised date March 2021
- Schools closed March–June 2020
- Almost no online lessons conducted in this period (Sato, 2020)

Japan last  
among OECD  
countries for  
ICT in  
Education  
(PISA - 2018)

**% of students who**

**use a PC to do homework:**

Average - 22.2

Japan - 3

**do online research for schoolwork:**

Average – 23

Japan - 6

**chat online**

Average - 67.3

Japan - 87.4

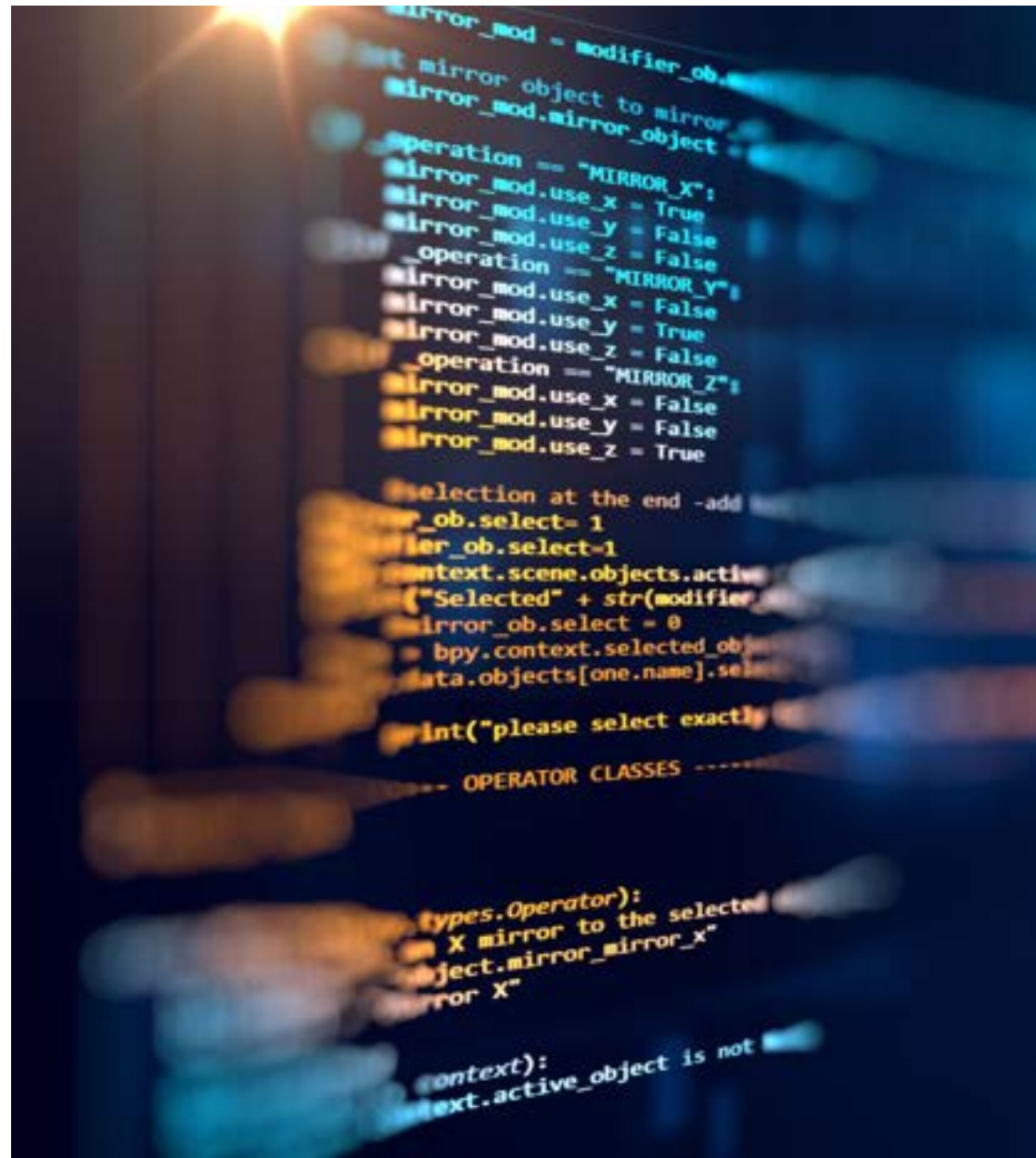
**play single-player games**

Average - 26.7

Japan - 47.7



How was the  
first year of  
the GIGA  
School  
Program?



# Research Questions

- How accepting of 1-1 devices are students? How does this change over time?
- How accepting of 1-1 devices are teachers? How does this change over time?
- How do teachers utilize 1-1 devices? How does this change over time?

# Participants: Teachers

## Sena



3 years experience



Frequently used tech



Enthusied by 1-1 devices



Received (limited) training

## Makiko



30+ years experience



Rarely used tech



Unenthused by 1-1 devices



No training

# Participants: Students

Year 8 Public Junior High School Students

**Survey 1** - December 2021 (end of 1st CB semester)

- Sena: 143
- Makiko: 148

**Survey 2** - March 2022 (end of 2nd CB semester)

- Sena: 167
- Makiko: 143



# Instrumentation



12 LIKERT SCALE ITEMS



2 OPEN-ENDED  
QUESTIONS



TEACHER INTERVIEWS  
AFTER EACH SEMESTER

# Likert Scale Questionnaire

Response to a positive statement written in Japanese,

e.g., Chromebookを使って英語を勉強するのは楽しいです。

*(It's fun for me to use Chromebooks to study English)*

6-point scale from *Strongly Disagree* to *Strongly Agree*.

# Technology Acceptance Model (Davis, 1989)

TAM – Usefulness and Ease of Use

## **12 questions 3 constructs**

- Usefulness (4)
- Ease of Use (4)
- Attitude (4)

# Factor Analysis

## 2 Constructs

Ease of Use (4)

Usefulness and Attitude (8)

Ease of Use (4)

Edutainment (8)

$\alpha = 0.85$

## Open-ended questions

13. What points do you like about using Chromebooks in English lessons?

14. What points do you dislike about using Chromebooks in English lessons?

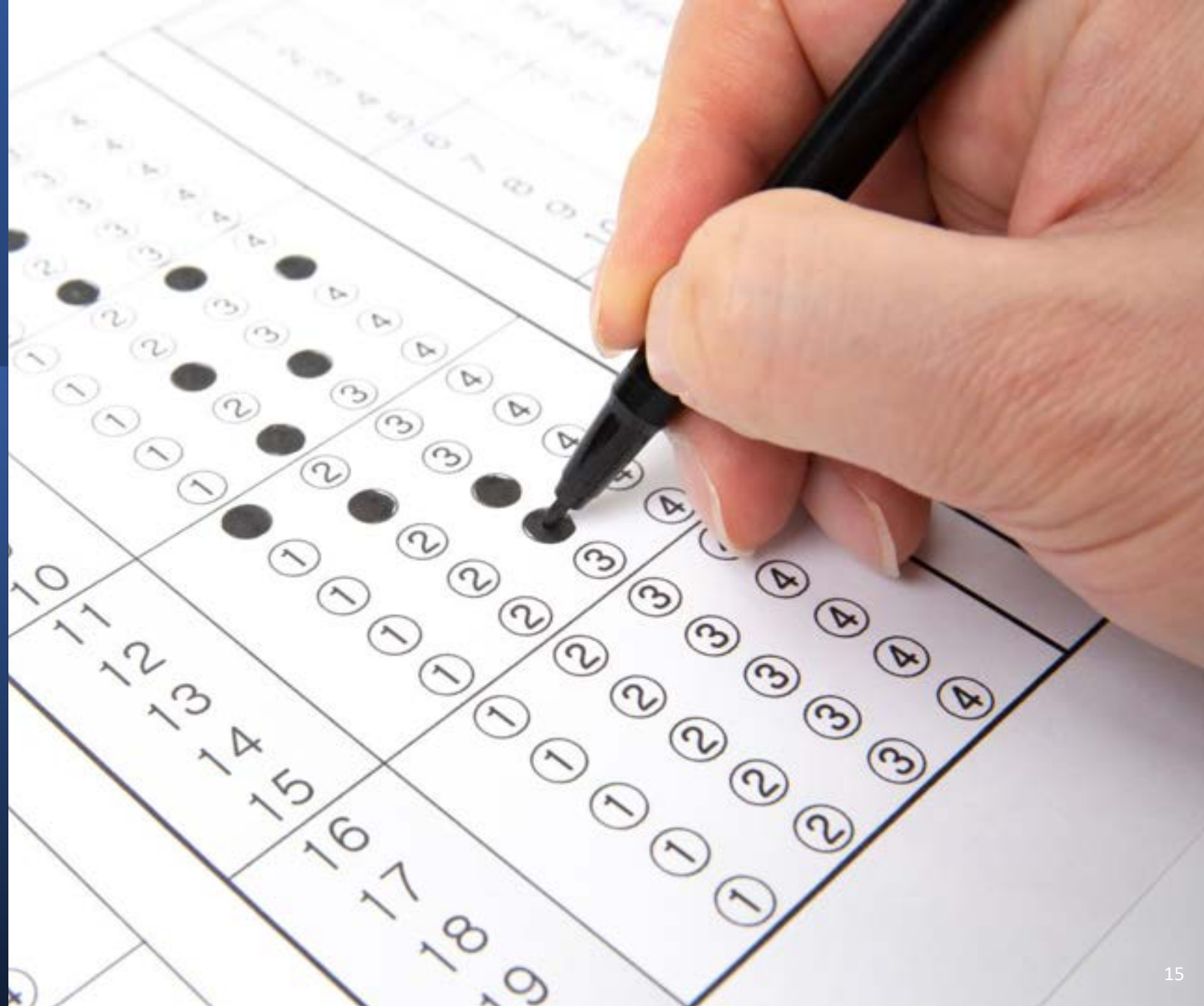


# Results





# 6-Point Likert Scale Questionnaire



# Edutainment and Ease of Use

	Edu 1	Edu 2	Ease 1	Ease 2
Sena's students (n = 143, 167)	4.499	4.670	4.264	4.329
Makiko's students (n = 148, 143)	4.550	4.551	4.289	4.435

Sena 1 vs 2: both significant but tiny effects

Edu  $p = 0.016$   $d = 0.071$

Ease  $p = 0.034$   $d = 0.089$

	Edu 1	Edu 2	Ease 1	Ease 2
Mean	4.499	4.670	4.264	4.329

n = 143, 167

# Makiko 1 vs 2: no significant change

	Edu 1	Edu 2	Ease 1	Ease 2
Mean	4.550	4.551	4.289	4.435

n = 148, 143



# Good and Bad Points of Chromebooks

13. What points do you like about using Chromebooks in English lessons?

14. What points do you dislike about using Chromebooks in English lessons?

Responses in Japanese were translated

- 1. Text Mining (KH Coder)
- 2. Coding (QDA Miner Lite)

# Text mining



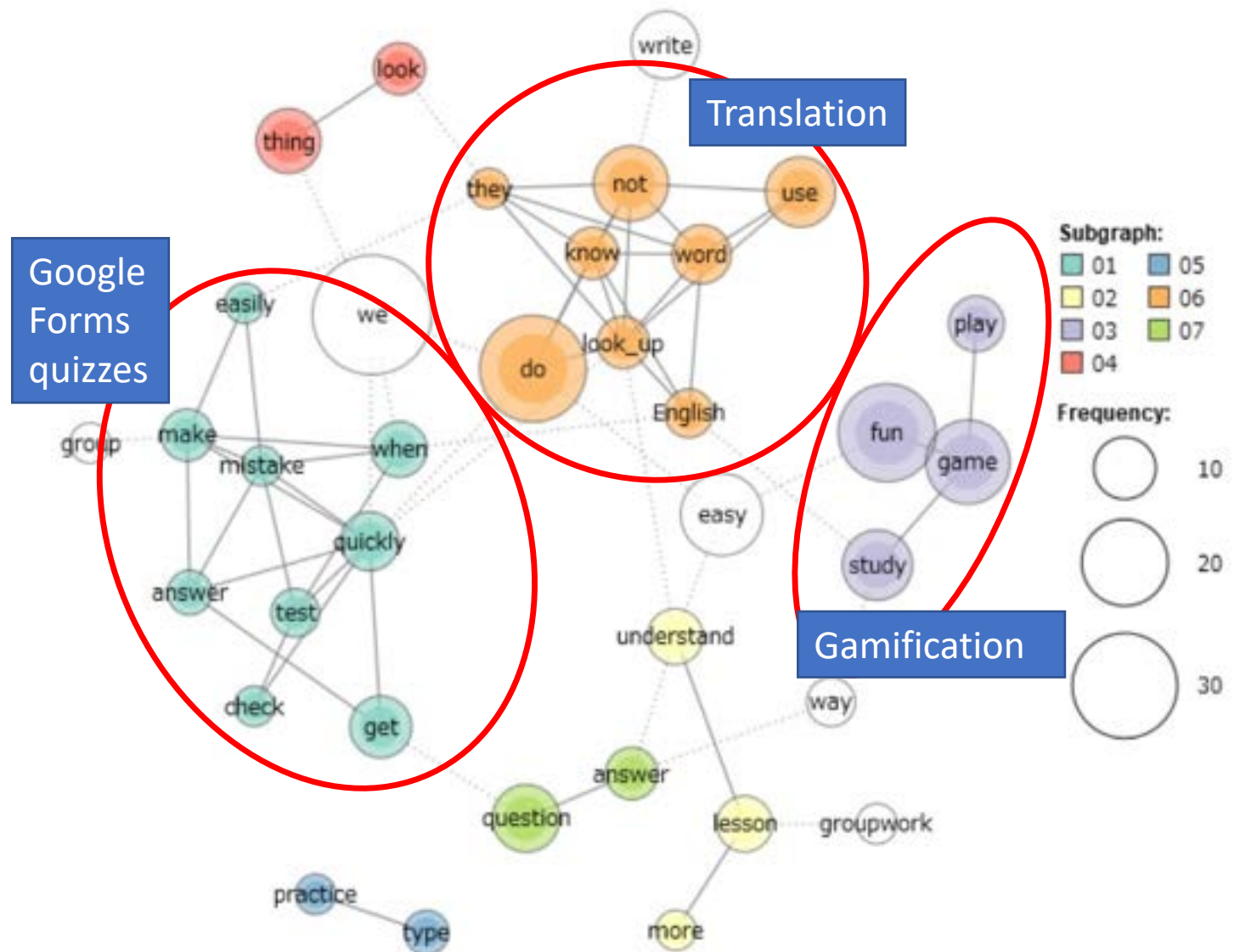
# Co-occurrence Network

- Translated answers to 13 + 14 inputted into KH Coder
- I attached labels to co-occurring word groups based on written student responses and teacher interviews

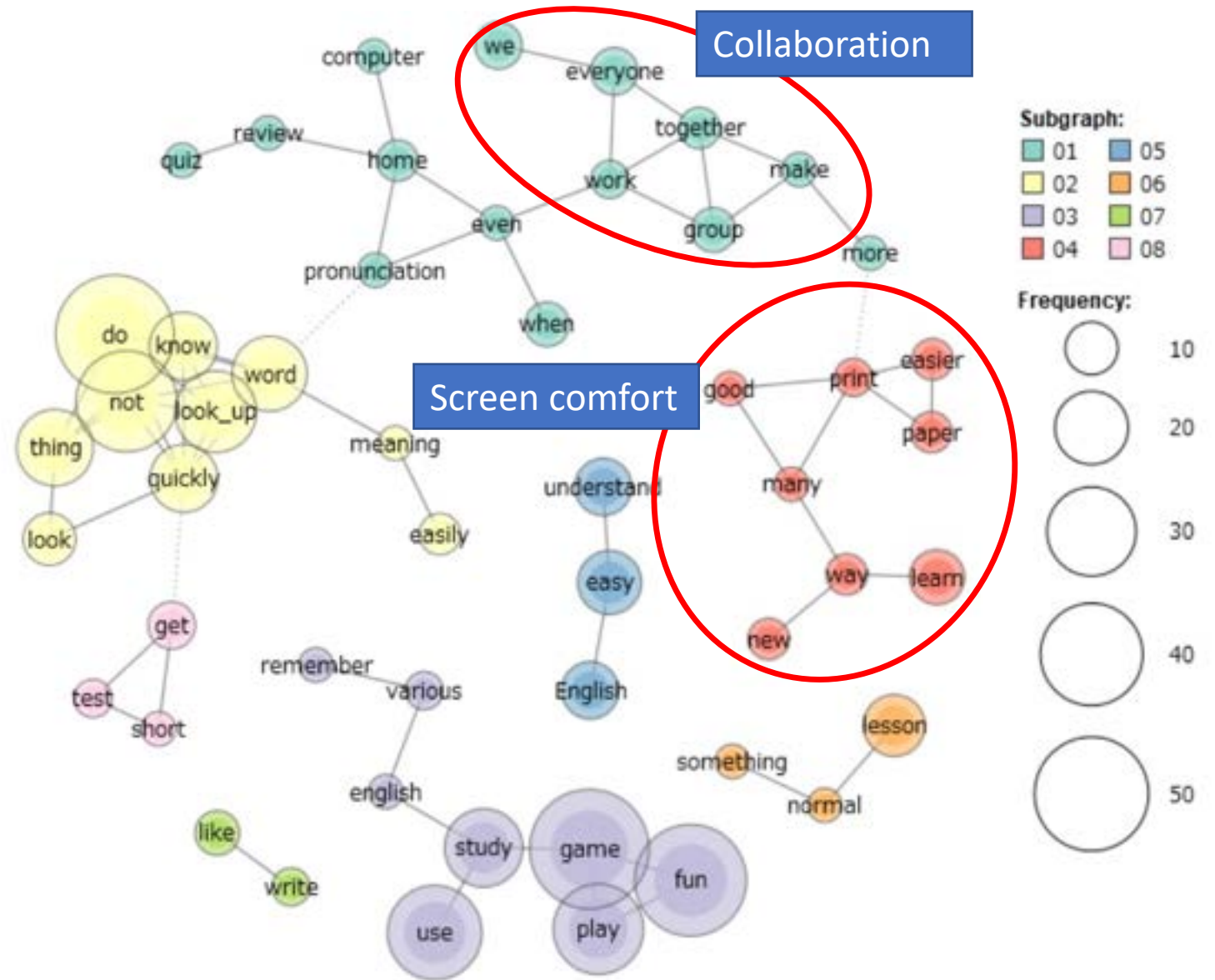
## **N.B.**

- Words appearing less than 4 times were excluded
- Unrelated words were excluded (e.g., articles)
- Bubble size indicates frequency
- Thick lines indicate close connections

# Sena 1 Good Points (n = 143)

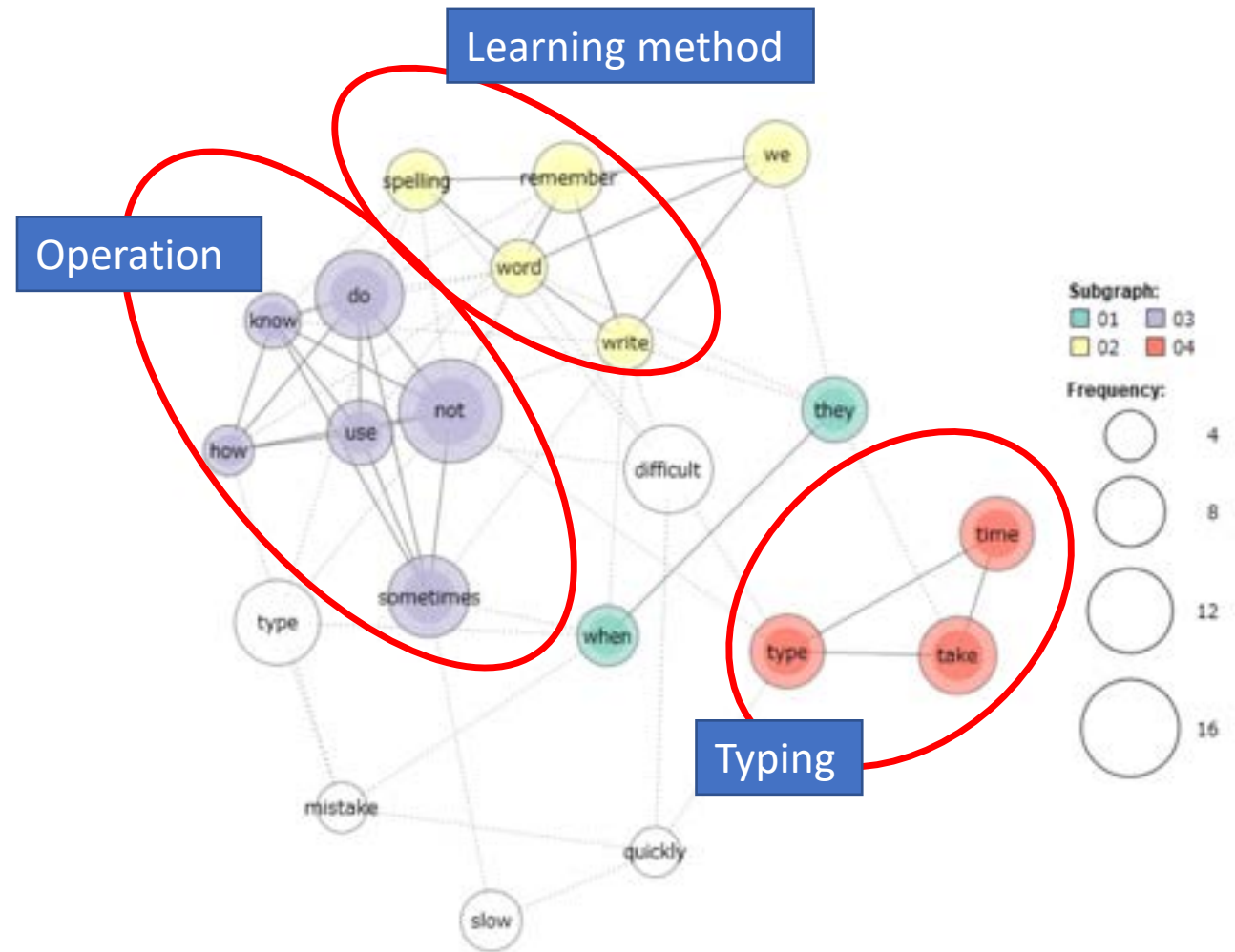


# Sena 2 Good Points (n = 167)

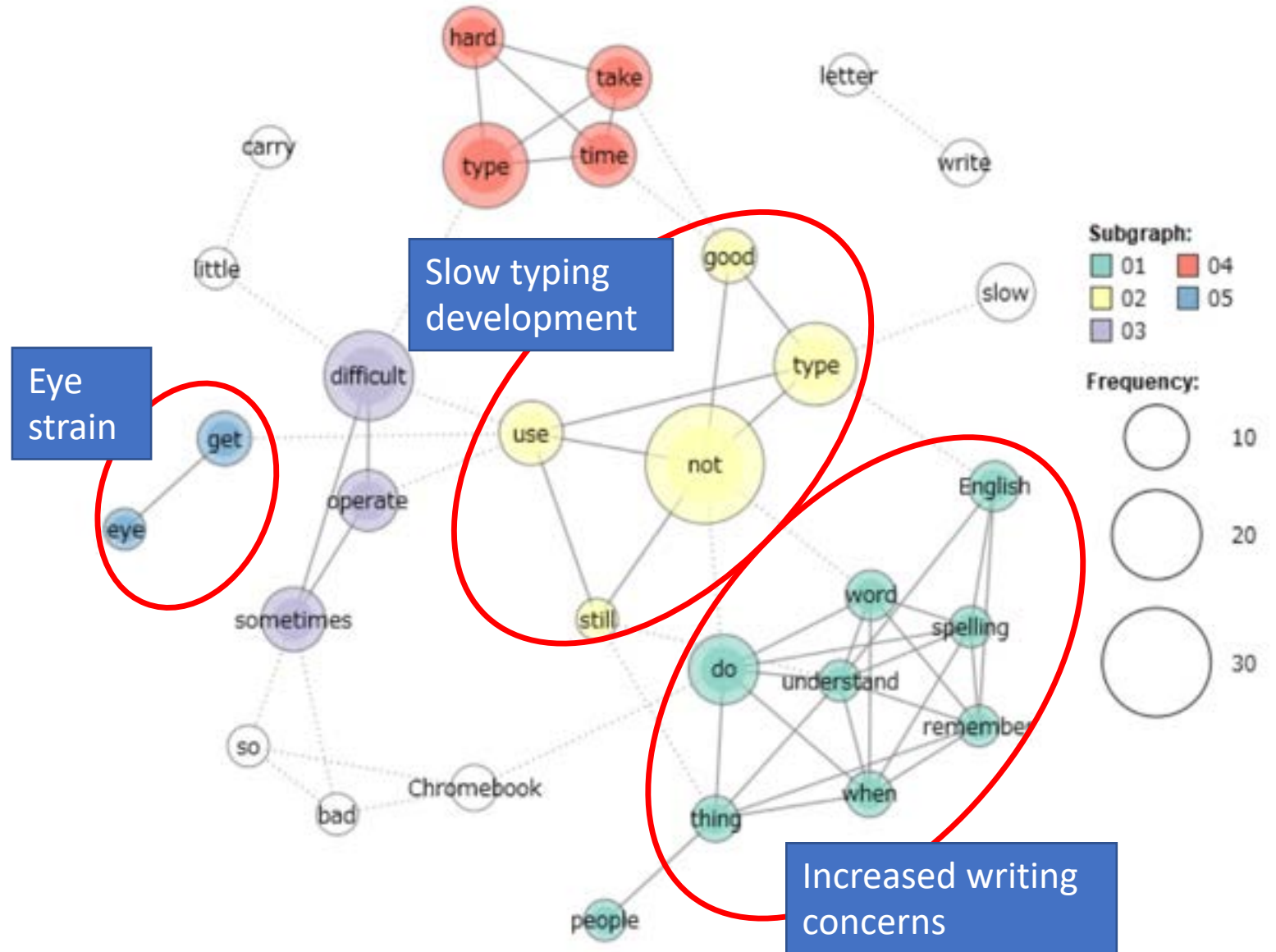




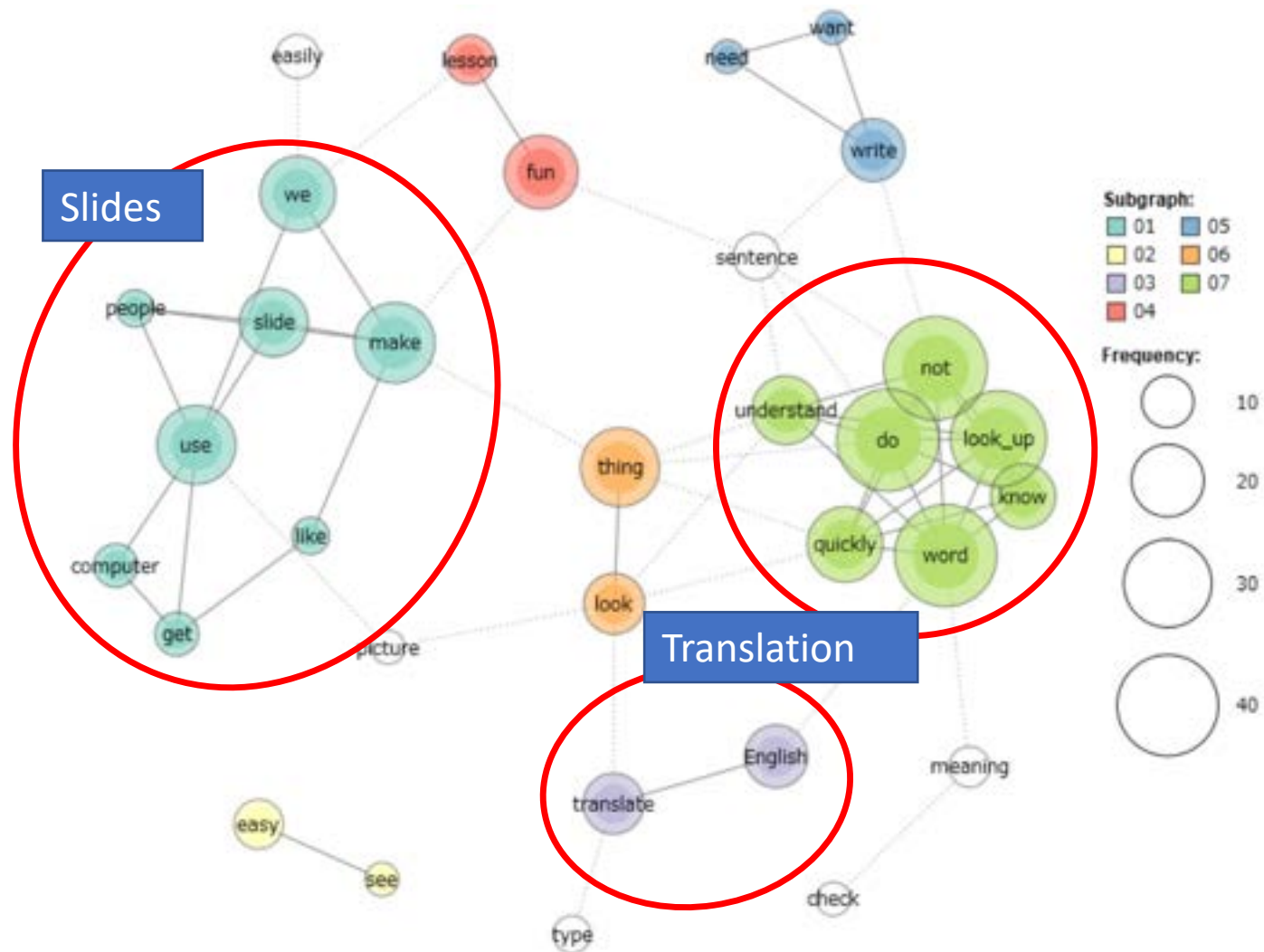
# Sena 1 Bad Points (n = 143)



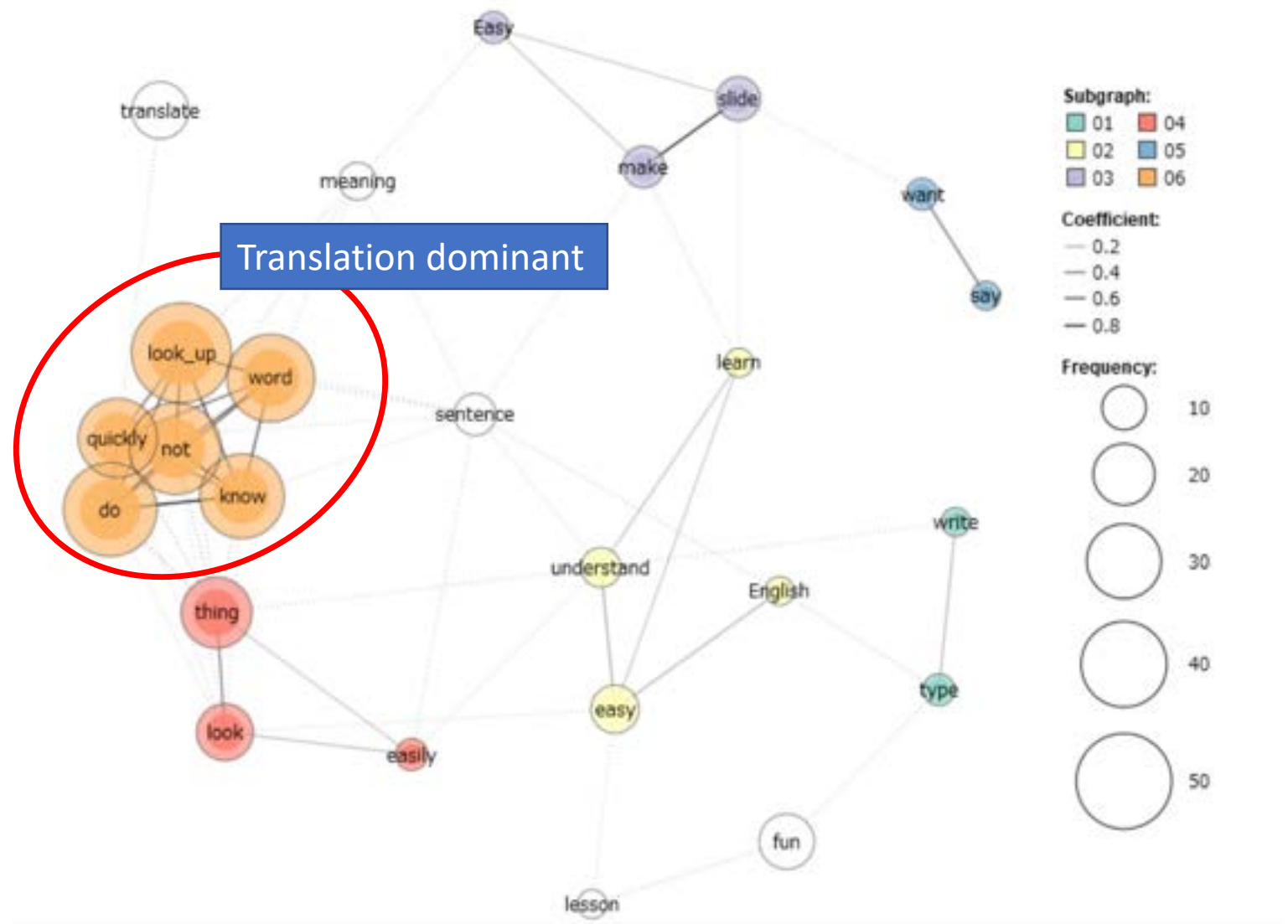
# Sena 2 Bad Points (n = 167)



# Makiko 1 Good Points (n = 148)

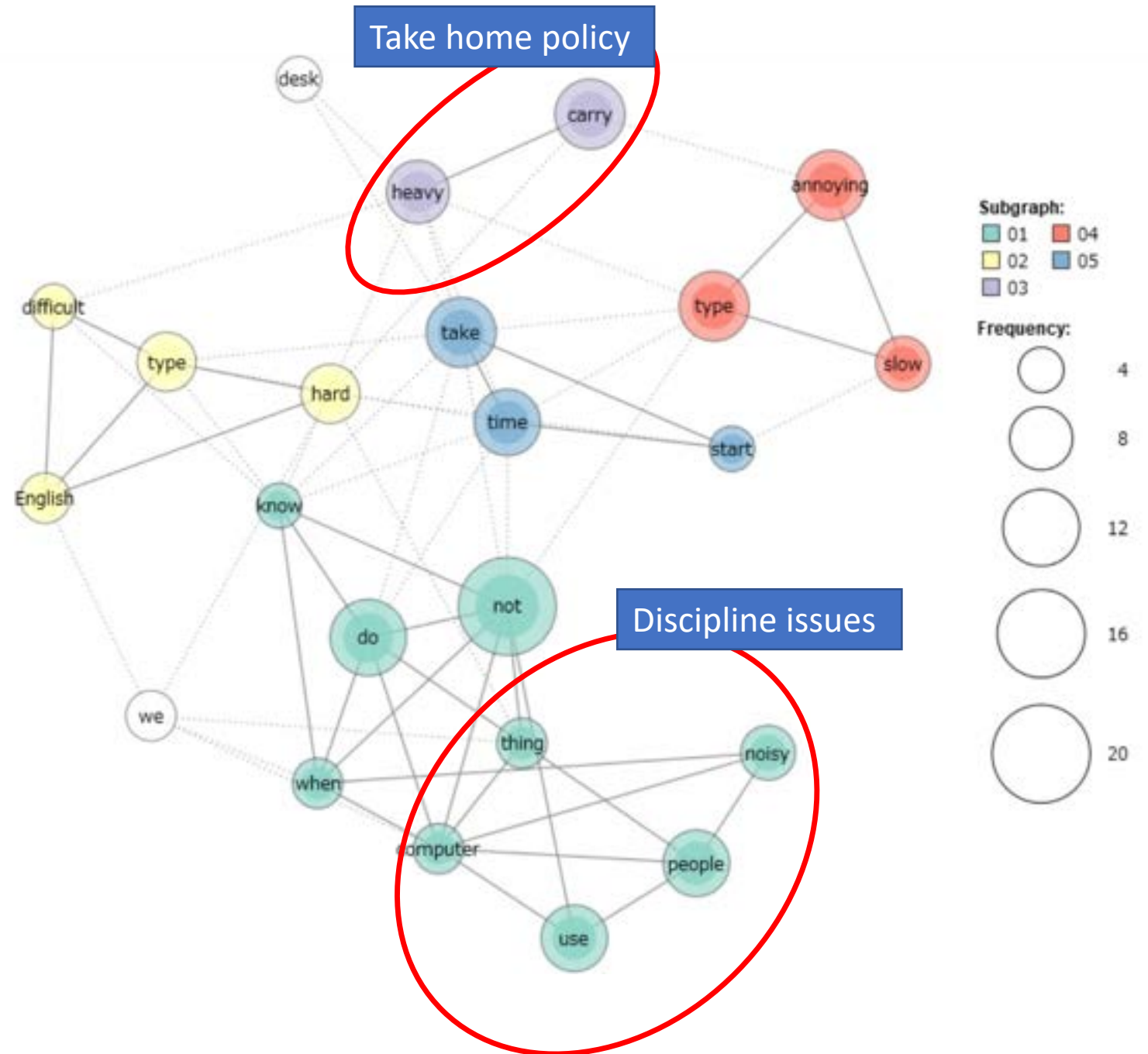


# Makiko 2 Good Points (n = 143)



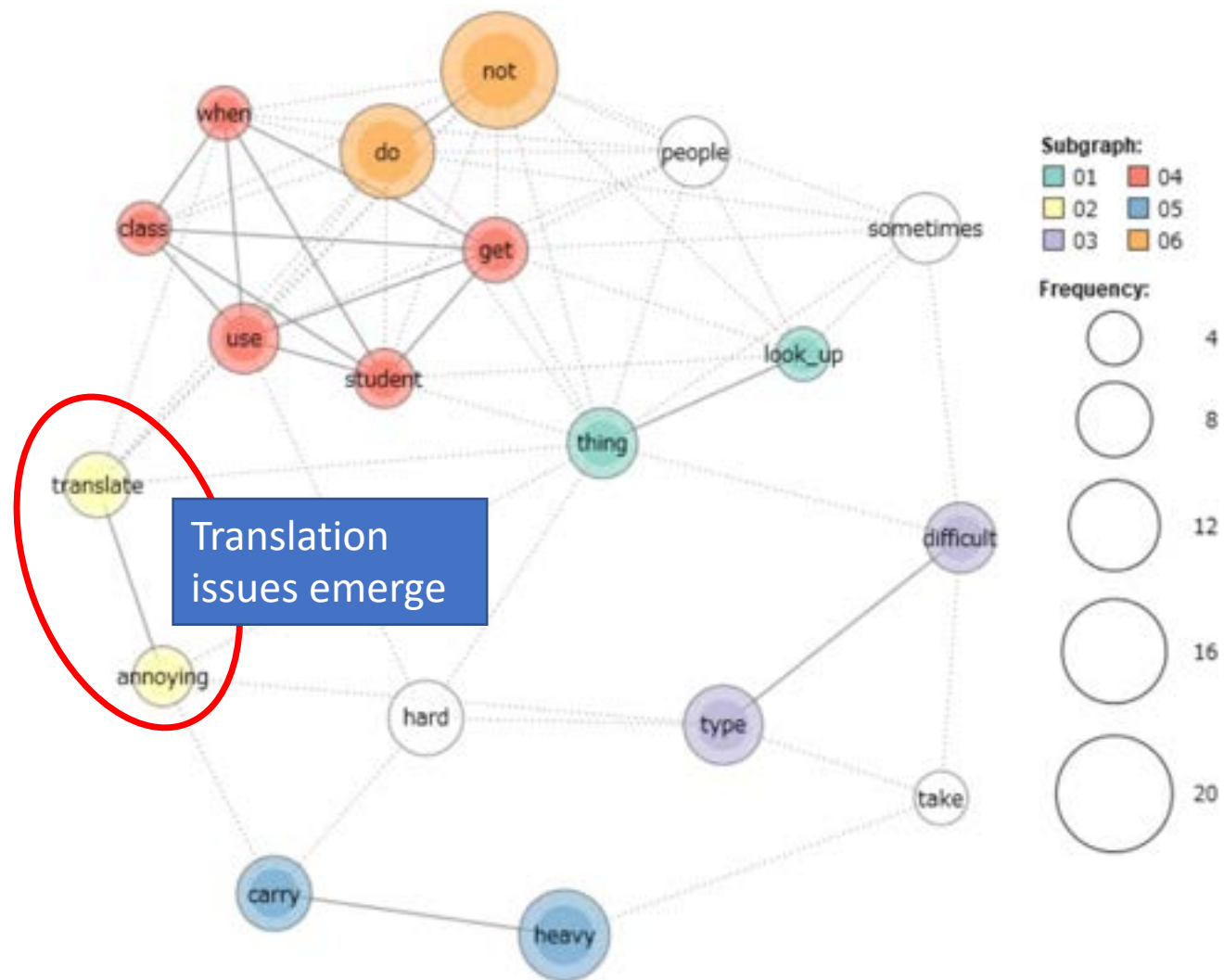


# Makiko 1 Bad Points (n = 148)





# Makiko 2 Bad Points (n = 143)



## 2. Coding

13. What points  
do you like  
about using  
Chromebooks  
in English  
lessons?

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Independent/feedback

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Games/slides

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Affordances

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Look up words

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Way of interacting

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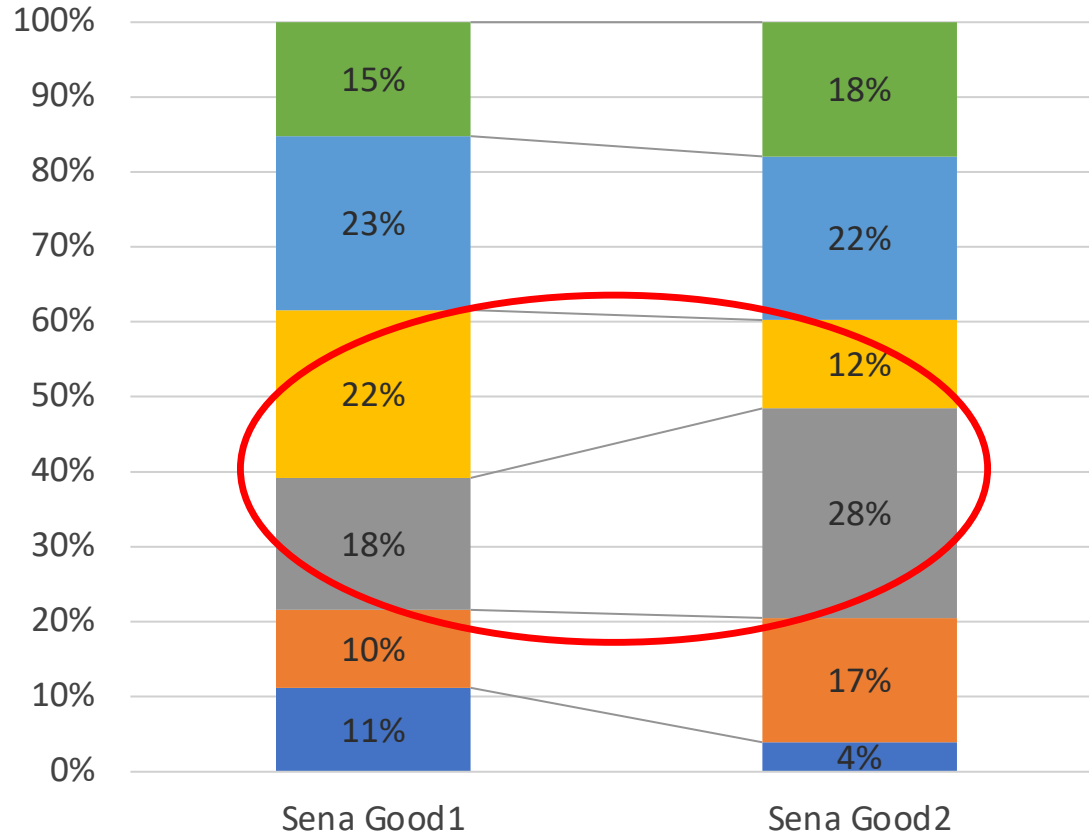
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Other

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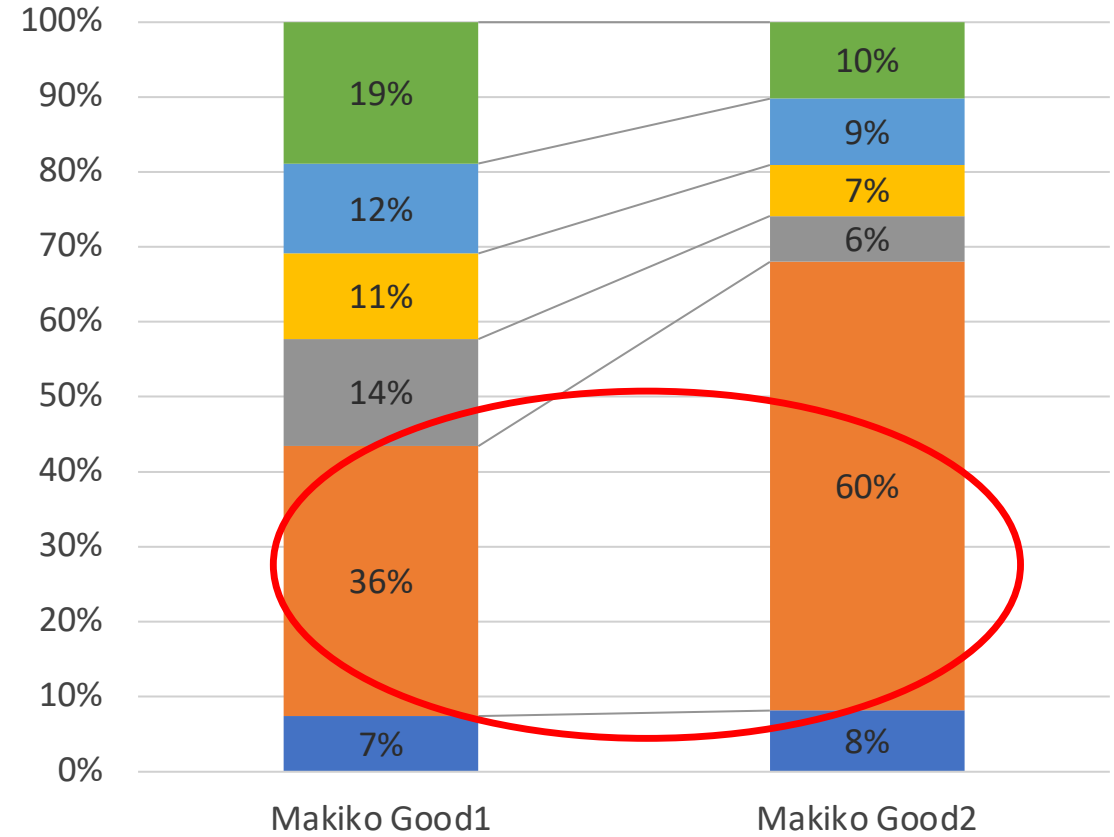
### Sena Good 1 vs 2



- independent/feedback
- look up words
- games/slides
- way of interacting
- affordances
- other

n = 143, 167

### Makiko Good 1 vs 2



- independent/feedback
- look up words
- games/slides
- way of interacting
- affordances
- other

n = 148, 143

14. What points  
do you dislike  
about using  
Chromebooks  
in English  
lessons?

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Typing

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Inconvenience

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Lack of skill with computers

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Technical issues

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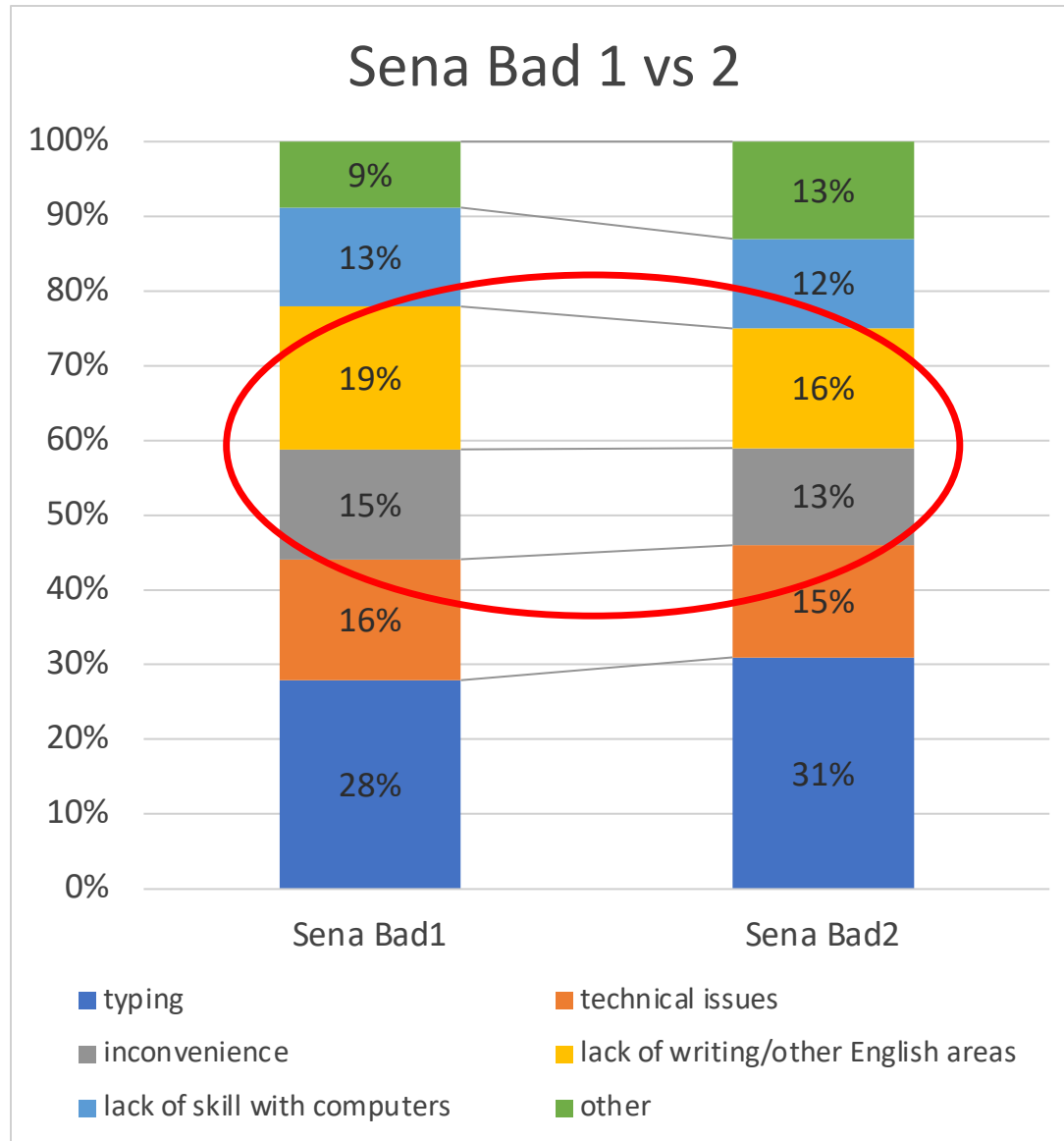
Lack of writing/other English areas

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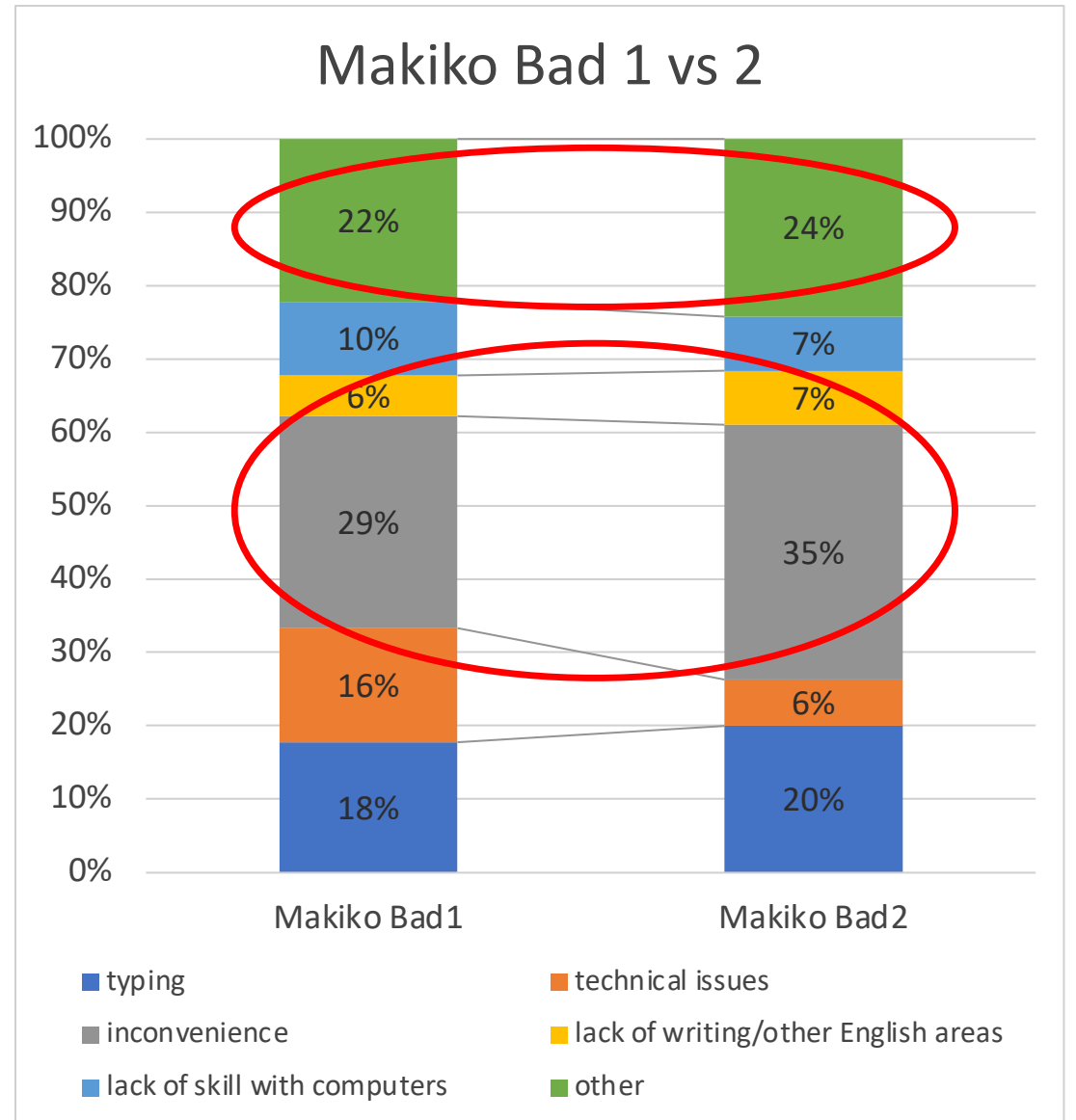
Other

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n = 143, 167



n = 148, 143

# Discussion



## Differences: Shared vs Individual

### **Sena**

- Jamboard (interactive group whiteboard)
- Nearpod (gamified LMS)

### **Makiko**

- Google Slides (solo presentations)
- Google Translate (textbook and other)

## Differences: School Environment

### **Sena**

- Devices stored at school
- Few discipline issues

### **Makiko**

- Devices taken home every day
- Some discipline issues

# Similarities: High Approval

	Edu 1	Edu 2	Ease 1	Ease 2
<b>Sena's students (n = 143, 167)</b>	4.499	4.670	4.264	4.329
<b>Makiko's students (n = 148, 143)</b>	4.550	4.551	4.289	4.435



# Similarities: Teacher Changes

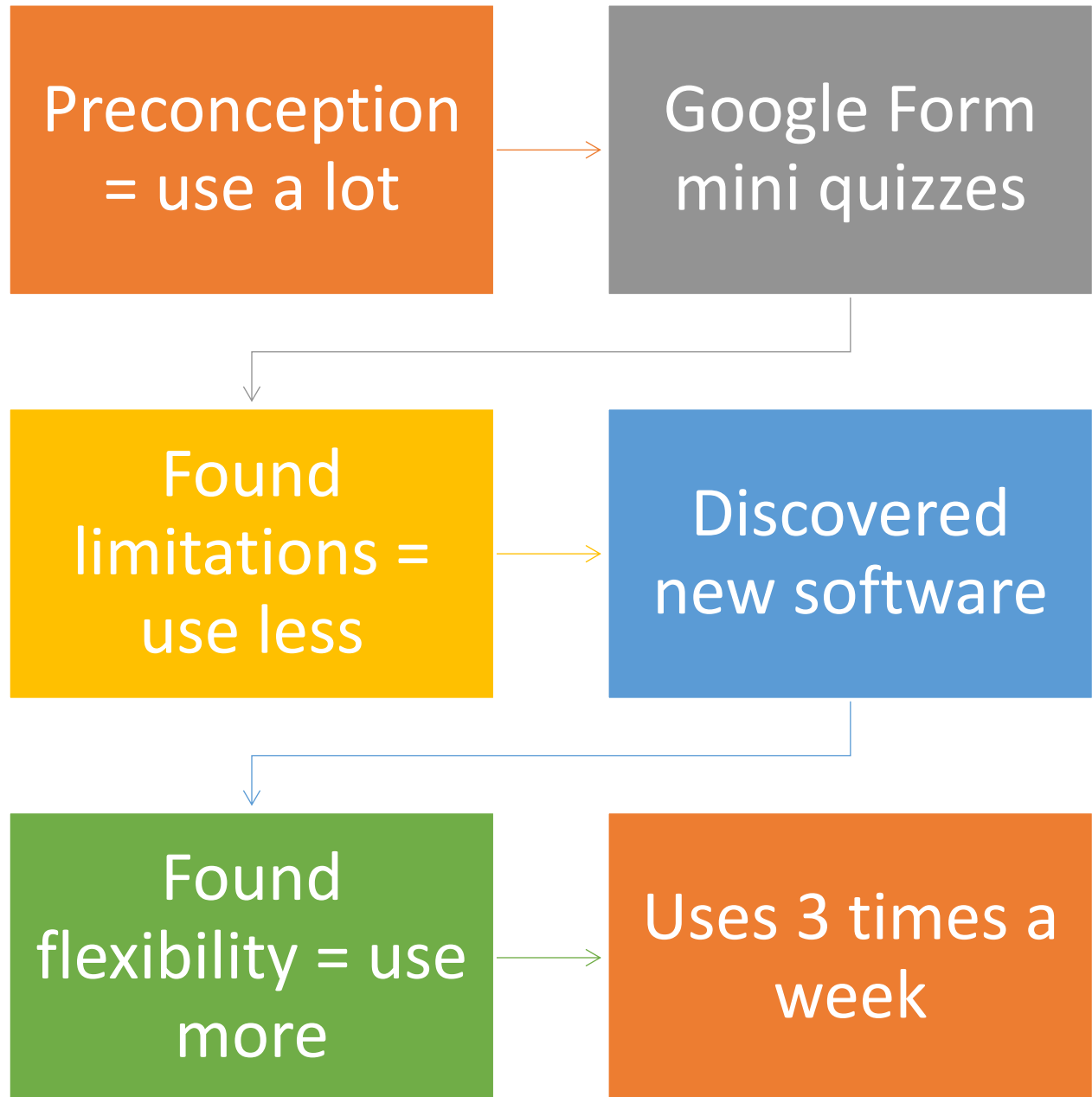


SENA = USAGE CHANGES




MAKIKO = ATTITUDE CHANGE

# Sena Usage Change



# Makiko Attitude Change

I'm not excited. I don't want to do it.



Don't be afraid to use it. If you have a trouble during your class, your students will help you.

# Conclusion

## **The Good**

- Students like using 1-1 devices
- Learner autonomy
- Teacher engagement
- Online learning

## **The Bad**

- Translation is a problem
- Software needs rules (teacher/student)
- Other skills may suffer
- Lack of OTJ training

# 4 Factors for Improved Integration



REGULAR  
WORKSHOPS



DEMONSTRATION  
LESSONS



SHARED  
RESOURCES



PRE-PREPARED  
LESSONS



Davis, F. D. (1989). Perceived usefulness, perceived ease of use, and user acceptance of information technology. *MIS quarterly*, 319-340. <https://doi.org/10.2307/249008>

Sato, H. (2020). Educational Responses to the Pandemic in Japan: Primary and Secondary Education Policy Issues. *CCEAM*, 64. <http://cceam.net/wp-content/uploads/2020/08/ISEA-2020-48-2.pdf#page=70>

# Thank you for listening

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