Conversation Based LEARNING

Because life is not a grammar test

Use partners, not grammar

From First-Day Placement Test to Last-Day Improvement Data

Speaking Improves 50% And we can prove it

GUNTHER BREAUX

Partners, not grammar

Many partners make you smoother, better partners make you better.

Test partners of similar ability gives fair and accurate testing.

This is the Class

The class is pair conversations. Speed Dating.
You get a new topic every 2 weeks, and a new partner every 7 minutes.
Everybody's speaking half the time, and half the time your partner's a better speaker.



This is the Test

Three students of similar ability have a 17-minute conversation.

Record it with your phone, transcribe what you said, and self-correct.

The first test measures your ability, the second test measures your improvement.



From first-day placement test to last-day improvement data

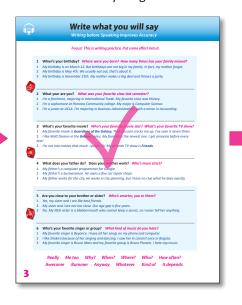
1 Placement Test

Gives your ability, and your first test partners.

Placement Test	First Test	
Score	Partners	
99		
92	1	
90		
89		
88	2	
87		
85		
83	3	
80		
79		
78	4	
76		
73		
72	5	
68		
67		
64	6	
58		
57		
57	7	
54		

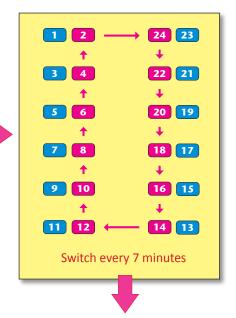
2 Homework

Prepares you to speak, and it's 40% of your grade. *Do it.*



3 Conversation Class *Speed Dating.*

One topic, many partners. Fun.



6 Ability

The 1st test gives your ability, and your 2nd test partners.

	Total Words Spoken	Second Test Partners	
A	662 649 621	1	
В	582 569 552	2	
D	549 523 518	3	4
C	451 427 423	4	
	360 341 314	5	
D	291 254 225	6	
D-	172 140 129	7	

5 Transcript

Type just what you said. Fix your own mistakes. *Simple*.



4 Conversation Test

3 students, 17 minutes. Students record and transcribe.



1

After midterm, do it again.

A comparison of midterm and final test data will show 50% improvement.

50% Improvement

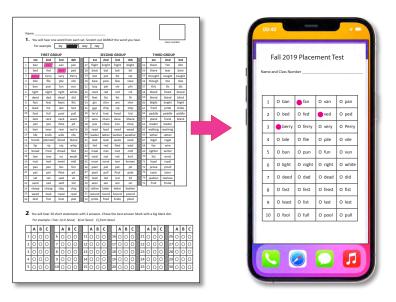
	How many times I spoke	Average words per utterance	Total words I spoke
Practice test	40	10	400
Final test	27	18	480
Improvement		80%	20%

1 Placement Test

This Test Changes Everything

It changes the mindset, which changes the class from grammar based to ability based.

12 minutes to give, 5 minutes to grade. And more accurate than the 3-hour American SAT test.



The test can be Google graded. Grade hundreds in 2 minutes.

Students mark their answer on paper (for a permanent record).

Then, they enter answers on their phones.

- 1. Because you know their ability on the first day, everything after is to improve ability, not determine it.
- 2. You don't have to waste class time and midterm and final weeks on grammar-grades tests to determine their ability and provide a basis for grades.
- 3. Ultimately, how can you improve their ability if you don't know their ability?

The university entrance exam measures intelligence and attention span for cramming.

This test measures their ABILITY.

This is also a levels test for the first conversation test. Partners are grouped by similar ability. This makes the test fair, and accurate.

Knowing their ability on the first day POWERFULLY changes your mindset. It's like you're a superhero with magic psychic powers. You know their ability, and you have not even spoken to them yet.

On the first day of class I know their:

- 1. Speaking ability
- 2. Pronunciation problems
- 3. Prepositions problems
- 4. First conversation test partners

That's a pretty good use of 20 minutes.

	Pronunciation	Prepositions	Score	1st	conversat	tion test ¡	partners
	74	25	99		0		
	70	22	92	1			
	69	21	90		2 Choi, Pak lee	14 Lee, Jang soc-	15 Lee, Kwon min
	69	20	89		0		•
$\overline{}$	65	23	88	2		1	6
	66	21	87		4 Hong, So he	5 Jeong, Soo min	7 Kim, Kyun hee
	65	20	85		^		0
	67	16	83	3	8		
	64	16	80		8 Kim, Won su	3 Choi, Lee so	19 PARK, Min hée
	60	19	79				•
	58	20	78	4			3
	63	13	76		17 Park, Jang won	1 Ahn, Kun lee	20 PARK, Sin min
	59	14	73			^	
	58	14	72	5	(a)		8
	53	15	68		6 Kim, He suk	16 Park, Sco an	11 Kwon, Min so
	54	13	67		-	0	
	52	12	64	6		13	
	48	10	58		12 Jung. Ah jang	21 Park, Sung mo	18 PARK, Koo min
	49	8	57			•	^
	47	10	57	7	7		3
	45	9	54		10 Kwon, Ho hyuk:	9 Koo, Hee bo	13 Lee, Hyun min

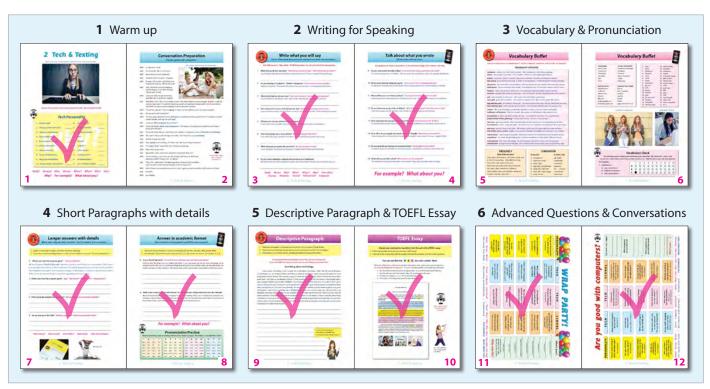
2 Homework

Homework is important. It's what makes them speak. Therefore, it's worth 40%. They do it or they fail.

Homework is simple: they write what they will say. There's no read and guess. Every student knows the answer to every question, because every question is about them.



Each unit has 12 pages, 9 of them require student input. Each page is worth 1 homework point. Grading homework is quick and easy: Count how many pages they fill in. Quantity, not quality.

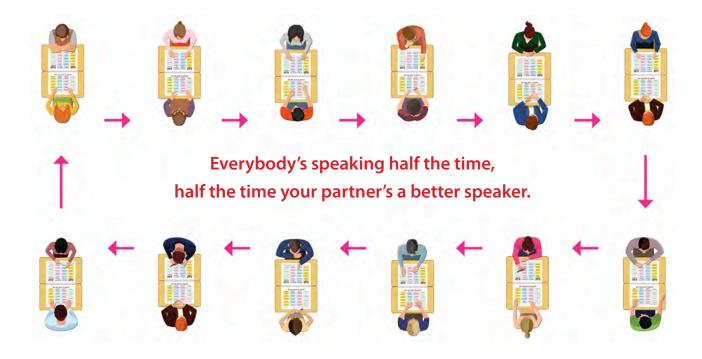


There's no more pulling teeth to get them to talk. They wrote it, they want to use it.

30 minutes of homework generates 2 hours of conversations. *Just add partners*.

3 The Class: Speed Dating

A new topic every 2 weeks, a new partner every seven minutes



Many partners make you smoother, better partners make you better. Simple.

- 1. Meet, greet, introduce yourself, and chat. After 7 minutes, the teacher yells, **SWITCH!**
- 2. Students seated on the inside say, **Bye, Gotta go, Nice meeting you, See you later**, and move on.
- 3. Next class you'll do it again, better, smoother, with new partners.





How do you get better at something? You do it more than once.

4 Conversation Test

MS Word can measure speaking ability. It's as easy as 1, 2, 3.



1

- 1. Three students of similar ability have a 17-minute conversation.
- 2. Students record with their phones.
- 3. Students transcribe just what they said on MS Word (about 2 hours).
- 4. MS Word gives the total words spoken, and how many times they spoke.
- 5. Simple division gives their average words-per-utterance.

Total words

695

668

643

582

564

544

521

509

453

421

421

398

367

345

321

288

267

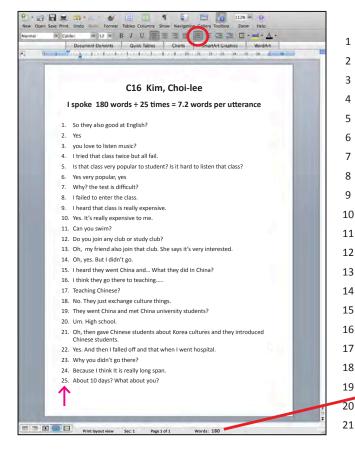
245

180

167

149

2 Students go home or to the computer lab and type just what they said. It takes 2 hours or less. *Easy*. They email or upload it, and go meet their friends.



Total Words is their speaking ability

After 10 years of English education, and two hours after the test, the speaking ability of everyone in class is known.

Total words on the first test determines partners for the second test. This ensures fair and accurate testing.

For example, these three students will be partners on the second test.

They are beginning speakers, speaking as fast as they can.

The second test gives their improvement

Their second test partners are determined by their total words spoken on the first test.

This makes the test fair and accurate.



C24 Park, Lee kim

2nd conversation test

	How many times I spoke	Average words per utterance	Total words I spoke
Midterm test	25	8.4	210
Final test	22	15.4	285
	Improvement	84%	36%

Thus, my speaking improved 60% this semester.

VOCABULARY

MOVIES	FOOD & FIINESS	SUMMER BREAK
Love at first sight	Pig out	Weekend warrior
Crush on someone	Appetizer	Couch potato
Soul mate	Freebie	
Steady girlfriend		
Outdoor person		

The top 5 mistakes and how to fix them.

- No, I didn't heard about that.
 No, I didn't hear about that.
- 2. I have never been gone to there. I've never been there.
- 3. I am interesting in that.
- I am interested in that major.
- 4. What is your best favorite movie? What is your favorite movie?
- 5. Will you go to a festival or them park on this winter vacation? Will you go to any festivals or theme park this winter vacation?
- Usually I'm <u>weekend warriors</u>, but last weekend I stayed at home because this week is midterm exam, so I was staying at home and studying for midterm exam. What did you do last weekend?
- 2. No, I didn't heard about that.
- 3. Last weekend I was couch potato. What about you?
- 4. I don't like gory films. I like superhero movies, like the Avengers and Ironman

Each semester every student has about 100 conversations with about 25 different partners. Of course they improve. *But, exactly how much?*

There. That's how much.

Their utterances are 84% longer.
Longer speaking is smoother speaking.

They spoke 36% more. That means shorter pauses and fewer pauses.

This is a **direct measure** of speaking ability, and improvement.

What about mistakes?

They find and fix their own mistakes. This is a new world, and finding mistakes is no longer part of the teacher's job.

Get a hobby.

Measure how much students do, not how much they do wrong.

That's it. It's a communicative test and MS Word gives you *precisely* how much they communicated. And, how much *more* they communicated on the second test. *What about mistakes?* It's not a mistake test, it's a conversation test. You let your students speak. They improved, and you can prove their improvement.

3 Partners are Best, 3 Tests are Best



THE FIRST TEST is to get them speaking.

It's a low-stress, low-stakes, practice test.

Everybody gets an A+, and teachers get students' ability before they start improving too much.

The only instructions they need is to watch a 3-minute example test video. Simple.



THE SECOND TEST is to get them speaking longer and academically.

At least once during the test they use *first,* second, third with their specific examples.

This forces students to prepare and results in longer, smoother speaking.



THE THIRD TEST, they do it again. Better.

Everybody knows exactly what to do.

On the second and third test, I often have the best speakers from three different classes grouped together, and likewise the least proficient speakers.

This ensures more fair and accurate tests.

3 Partners are perfect

- 1. With pairs, each student has more speaking time, but a deadbeat adversely affects their partner's performance.
- 2. A four person test is just too many and unnecessary. I have NEVER tested four.
- 3. Three is perfect. Everyone has sufficient speaking time, and there's more real-world interaction.

3 Tests are perfect

- 1. You know their ability before they start improving too much.
- 2. Early on, it shows students that homework is preparation for class, and each class is preparation for this specific test.
- 3. The average of 3 tests is more accurate, and the result of 3 tests is more improvement.

More tests = more accuracy & more improvement

5 Semester Results

You know their ability

Average of 3 tests		
Total words spoken	Words per minute	
682	40	
649	38 🛕	
621	37	
582	34	
569	33	
552	32 B	
549	32	
523	31	
481	28	
451	27	
427	25	
423	25	
360	21	
341	20	
314	18	
291	17	
254	15 D	
225	13	
196	12	
184	11	
172	10	

You have wide-spread grades

Homework	Conversation Tests	Attendance	Final grade
40%	40%	20%	100%
39	39	20	98 A+
38	38	20	96 A+
39	36	20	95 A+
37	35	20	92 A
38	33	20	91 A
36	33	20	89 B+
36	32	20	88 B+
33	32	20	85 B+
34	29	20	83 B
33	29	20	82 B
32	28	18	78 C+
29	29	20	78 C+
35	22	20	77 C+
28	27	20	75 C
28	27	20	75 C
27	27	18	72 C
25	29	18	72 C
24	24	17	65 D
22	17	16	55 F
12	17	16	45 F
10	15	10	35 F

They improve, and you can prove it

	Average words per utterance	Total words I spoke
4 week test	8.6	436
8 week test	13.4	482
14 week test	17.2	523
Improvement	100%	20%

Therefore, my speaking improved 60% this semester.

Questions?

THE CLASS

1 What if students are low-level speakers? Can they handle this?

Yes. Absolutely. They write what they will say, *My father is a teacher* and then say it in class. Speaking ability is not improved by listening to a teacher talk about the English language.

2 What if they don't do the homework?

They make an **F**. This is a required course. Homework takes 30 minutes, and they are writing about themselves. *Simple*. They do homework in other classes. *What's the problem?*

3 What about instructions?

Pre-class instructions and post-class feedback are sent by email or uploaded on the website. If students can read and hear it at home, teachers shouldn't say it in class.

4 What does the teacher do in class?

As little as possible. If the teacher is talking, students are not. Students improve when *students* are talking. This is a new world with new technology. Input at home, output in class. Simple.

5 Are big classes really better?

Absolutely. More partners = more variety = more repetition = more improvement. Big classes have more partners of similar ability. Big classes have more energy.

THE TEST

1 *Is transcribing difficult?*

No. Low-level speakers speak at a low level. They're transcribing what THEY said. *I'm born in Seoul.* They're not transcribing the **BBC News**.

2 How long does it take to transcribe?

It takes everybody about two hours. There is a YIN and YANG. The better speakers speak more and have more transcribing ability. The lesser speakers speak less, and have less to transcribe.

3 What if students aren't good at MS Word?

They soon will be. MS Word is an academic, and real-world skill. They will not get a job without it. If they have to learn it in my class, they will. Besides, they're given a template, they just type. Simple.

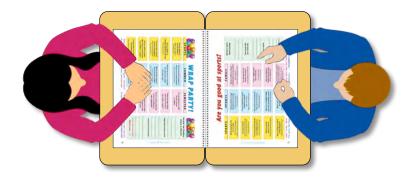
4 What about feedback and error correction?

Students hear and read their own mistakes when they transcribe, and then fix their top 5 mistakes. If they can tie their own shoes, they can find their own mistakes: *When I was a middle school*.

5 Does speaking really improve 50%?

Actually, it's usually more, about 70%. When a student goes from *My hometown is Busan*, (4 words) to *My hometown is Busan*. *I lived there until I was eight*. (11 words), that's a 175% increase.

We use partners, not grammar



Say, this book has a wire spine. Why? It's a conversation book.

It's all about you

Write what you will say



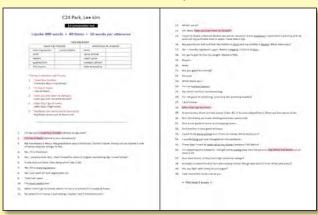
Transcribe what you said



Talk about what you wrote



Correct what you said



Say, it looks like students do all the work.

EXACTLY. That's why they improve so much.